

12th OG – SOLUTION SET

1.
 - A) Wrong: 'its' – pronoun agreement error
 - B) Wrong: 'and' – wrong usage of and
 - C) Wrong: naming – wrong usage of past continuous
 - D) Correct: them, their – agrees with mountains
 - E) Wrong: 'it' - pronoun agreement error

3.
 - A) Wrong: dangling modifier –subject 'it' is required
 - B) Wrong: same as A
 - C) Wrong: same as A
 - D) Wrong: split infinitive – to seriously study
 - E) Correct: "it was not until almost" correct modification

6.
 - A) Wrong: wrong usage of which
 - B) Wrong: 'fungus was growing' not parallel to 'stone would crystallize'
 - C) Wrong: same as B
 - D) Wrong: same as B
 - E) Correct: 'stone was crystallizing parallel' to 'fungus was growing'

8.
 - A) Correct: 'holds that' correct idiom.
 - B) Wrong: past perfect continuous is wrong
 - C) Wrong: what has expanded is unclear.
 - D) Wrong: 'holds that' correct idiom.
 - E) Wrong: same reason as in D.

11.
 - A) Wrong: forming not parallel with 'laid'
 - B) Wrong: same as A
 - C) Wrong: having - present perfect continuous.
 - D) Correct: 'to form' parallel with 'to lay'
 - E) Wrong: wrong usage of past tense.

13.
 - A) Correct:
 - B) Wrong: usage of singular verb suggests is wrong.
 - C) Wrong: usage of 'have been' is incorrect.
 - D) Wrong: usage of 'it' ambiguous.
 - E) Wrong: thought to be by some Analyst -> passive.

16.

- A) Wrong: doubled that of - ?
- B) Correct: rose expectations correctly and would.
- C) Wrong: that,it??
- D) Wrong: same as A
- E) Wrong: same as A

18.

- A) Wrong: wrong comparison 'acquiring carbon' compared to fungi.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in 'A'.
- C) Correct: plants compared to fungi.
- D) Wrong: wrong 3 point rule
- E) Wrong: plants acquiring carbon compared to fungi.

21.

- A) Correct: usage of main verb "are" is correct.
- B) Wrong: usage of "and" is wrong.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in B.
- D) Wrong: the phrase "now drawing" modifies "adult hood".
- E) Wrong: same reason as in D

23.

- A) Wrong: usage "is concentrated" simple present is wrong.
- B) Wrong: what is "now" lined with is not clear.
- C) Correct: The phrase 'once designed correctly modifies' discus.
- D) Wrong: once designed..... in correctly modifies competition.
- E) Wrong: usage of present perfect continuous 'having' wrong.

26.

- A) Wrong: Usage of conjunction "and" is not required.
- B) Wrong: wrong usage of present "begins".
- C) Wrong: that ends-> wrong usage of present/ "ends" not parallel with beginning.
- D) Wrong: usage of conjunction "and" is wrong.
- E) Correct: Usage of "which" just describes more about letters. While out numbers..."correctly modifies letters written".

28.

- A) Wrong: wrong idiom such...like.
- B) Correct: the cultivation, the harvesting, and the exploiting.
- C) Wrong: Wrong usage of "and", 'it' -> ambiguous.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in "C".
- E) Wrong: same reason as in "C".

31.

- A) Wrong: wrong comparison: the convicts compared to Barbara Mc Clintok.
- B) Wrong: usage of being.

- C) Wrong: usage of being.
- D) Correct: convinced..... parallel with adhered.
- E) Wrong: usage of being.

33.

- A) Correct: Active voice
- B) Wrong: Usage of 'is' -> singular is in correct for plural " prices".
- C) Wrong: wrong usage of which
- D) Wrong: Passive voice
- E) Wrong: "With the result" – wrong idiom

36.

- A) Correct: was injured three times modifies 22
- B) Wrong: usage of being.
- C) Wrong: usage of being
- D) Wrong: "injured three times" incorrectly modifies '22'.
- E) Wrong: usage of being

38.

- A) Wrong: the phrase "arguing..." incorrectly modifies '1850'.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in A.
- C) Wrong: women's equal political..... Not parallel with and for changes.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in C.
- E) Correct: "for equal political"..... parallel with and "for changes".

41.

- A) Wrong: wrong comparison 'know' is wrongly compared to 'now'
- B) Wrong: word "economical" incorrect.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in 'B'.
- D) Correct: correct comparison.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in "A".

43.

- A) Wrong: wrong comparison "land are- Great Britain".
- B) Wrong: same reason as in "A".
- C) Wrong: wrong usage of as – comparing nouns
- D) Wrong: usage of conjunction "and" incorrect.
- E) Correct: correct comparison.

46.

- A) Wrong: usage of "and when they" not parallel with "for the creation".
- B) Correct: "on creation" parallel with " on construction".
- C) Wrong: "creation" is not parallel with "constructing".
- D) Wrong: and also redundant.
- E) Wrong: wrong meaning [creative energy -> enriched them].

48.

- A) Wrong: usage of continuous verb “taking” is wrong.
- B) Correct: past tense “took” correctly used.
- C) Wrong: usage “it” redundant.
- D) Wrong: usage of “it” ambiguous.
- E) Wrong: usage of “it” ambiguous.

51.

- A) Wrong: So that... correct idiom.
- B) Correct: to distinguish parallel with to make.
- C) Wrong: usage of “they” confusing.
- D) Wrong: “to distinguish” not parallel with “making”.
- E) Wrong: usage of being

53.

- A) Correct: a critique of parallel a using.
- B) Wrong: and also is redundant.
- C) Wrong: critique not parallel with envisioning
- D) Wrong: same reason as in ‘B’.
- E) Wrong: wrong usage of past continuous – critiquing, envisioning

56.

- A) Wrong: either from or Gandharan not parallel.
- B) Wrong: either the spotted or from—not parallel.
- C) Wrong: either fashioned from or Gandharan – Not parallel
- D) Wrong: either fashioned from or from -> Not parallel
- E) Correct: **either from** is parallel with **or from**

58.

- A) Wrong: a leading figure is incorrectly modified Adam Smith’s books.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- D) Wrong: “Similar to” is not parallel with “are to”.
- E) Correct: “are to” is parallel with “is to”.

61.

- A) Correct: The phrase “Rivaling....” correctly modifies ‘the army’
- B) Wrong: Rivaling of the Pyramids wrongly modifies Qin-Sin-Huang.
- C) Wrong: “Rivaling the Pyramids”. Requires “ noun” to modify.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in C.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in C.

63.

- A) Correct: “to increase” is parallel with “to stabilize”.
- B) Wrong: allow at “50 years” is improper.

- C) Wrong: same reason as in 'B'.
- D) Wrong: "allowing such...." Is not "a day".
- E) Wrong: to increase is not parallel with stabilizing.

66.

- A) Correct: "can grow" parallel with "is famous".
- B) Wrong: verb "is" is required.
- C) Wrong: usage of being.
- D) Wrong: verb 'includes' does not agree with plural noun 32 species.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in 'D'.

68.

- A) Wrong: 'that were cut' out not parallel with 'arising'
- B) Wrong: not only but also – correct idiom.
- C) Wrong: usage of present perfect continues – having been.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in 'B'.
- E) Correct: verb "have correctly agree with noun trenches

71.

- A) Wrong: wrong usage of which
- B) Wrong: activation is wrong, a verb is required
- C) Wrong: "it" refers to what.
- D) Correct: exhibit parallel with activate
- E) Wrong: usage of which is incorrect.

73.

- A) Wrong: **appear to** – correct idiom.
- B) Correct: **appear to** – correct idiom.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in 'A'.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in 'A'.
- E) Wrong: appeared – past tense is incorrectly used.

76.

- A) Wrong: usage of being.
- B) Wrong: having been.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in 'A'.
- D) Correct: because their sales parallel because.
- E) Wrong: sales are wrongly compared to shoppers.

78.

- A) Wrong: pronoun 'it' creates reference error.
- B) Wrong: pronoun 'they' creates reference error.
- C) Wrong: verb 'was' ever not agree with fossils.
- D) Correct: verb 'have' agrees with fossils.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in 'C'.

81.

- A) Wrong: “not caused by” is not parallel with but a bacterium
- B) Wrong: “not cause by stress” not parallel with but are by.
- C) Correct: not by in parallel with but by.
- D) Wrong: not by is not parallel with but a bacterium
- E) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.

83.

- A) Wrong: not just because not parallel with ‘but by the fact’.
- B) Correct: not just by parallel with but also by.
- C) Wrong: ‘having’ incorrect.
- D) Wrong: not just because not parallel with but doctor are.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.

86.

- A) Wrong: “it” does not agree with “profits”.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- C) Correct: “have” agrees with profits.
- D) Wrong: preposition with not required when comma is there.
- E) Wrong: “having” is incorrect.

88.

- A) Wrong: unnecessary usage of who.
- B) Wrong: “both” is not required there are no two references
- C) Wrong: unnecessary usage of who
- D) Correct: no both and no who
- E) Wrong: “both” is not required there are no two references

91.

- A) Correct: ‘it’ agrees with a language.
- B) Wrong: “them” does not agree with “a language”.
- C) Wrong: “it” does not agree with dialects.
- D) Wrong: distinguishing between x and y – correct idiom.
- E) Wrong: same reason as in ‘D’.

93.

- A) Correct: higher than; expected to be the correct idiom.
- B) Wrong: higher than – correct idiom.
- C) Wrong: last years—passive.
- D) Wrong: expectations-that --- wrong idiom.
- E) Wrong: expected to be- that---- wrong idiom.

96.

- A) Wrong: between... with that—wrong idiom.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.

- C) Correct: correct idiom [between x and y].
- D) Wrong: wrong comparison what our intelligence has to that of other primates.
- E) Wrong: distinguish x from y or between x and y – correct idiom.

98.

- A) Correct: “Spear point.....” correctly modifies colvin point.
- B) Wrong: who/what was first discovered is not clear.
- C) Wrong: 3-point rule not 1932, spear pointing.
- D) Wrong: what were named confirming [fears, colvin point]
- E) Wrong: what “named for the new Mexico” not clear.

101.

- A) Wrong: ‘it’ refers to commitment or course of action
- B) Wrong: ‘one’ refers to executive or course of action
- C) Wrong: ‘it’ refers to trouble or course of action
- D) Wrong: ‘it’ refers to executive or course of action
- E) Correct: one refers to course of action

103.

- A) Wrong: living – wrong usage of present continuous
- B) Correct: correct usage of simple present
- C) Wrong: wrong usage of which
- D) Wrong: same reason as in ‘C’.
- E) Wrong: living – wrong usage of present continuous

106.

- A) Wrong: Required “becomes”.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- C) Correct: correct usage of semi colon “it has become “ --- correctly used.
- D) Wrong: wrong usage of which
- E) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.

108.

- A) Correct: more than – correct idiom
- B) Wrong: who is not required
- C) Wrong: more than --- correct idiom.
- D) Wrong: usage of being
- E) Wrong: more than --- correct idiom.

111.

- A) Wrong: required conjunction “and”.
- B) Wrong: begun past participle wrongly used.
- C) Correct: conjunction “and” properly used.
- D) Wrong: improper usage of it.
- E) Wrong: what was begun is not clear.

113.

- A) Wrong: usage of that provides that is wrong.
- B) Correct: “it” correctly refers to new reactive code.
- C) Wrong: what is already stimulating - confusing
- D) Wrong: “this” refers to what unclear.
- E) Wrong: what is already stimulating—not clear

116.

- A) Wrong: except for – wrong idiom.
- B) Wrong: required opposite direction transition word “but”.
- C) Correct: except in – correct idiom.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- E) Wrong: required opposite direction transition word “but”

118.

- A) Wrong: agree to be –future does not agree
- B) Wrong: caused by fossil fuel - wrong
- C) Correct: caused by human beings’ burning – correct
- D) Wrong: who is not required
- E) Wrong: caused by fossil fuels

121.

- A) Correct: they --- Sales of nine.
- B) Wrong: what began to grow again—not clear
- C) Wrong: wrong usage of which.
- D) Wrong: what began to grow again—not clear
- E) Wrong: in a 1991 Report and in particular had totally unparallel items.

123.

- A) Wrong: wrong idiom-less than.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’
- C) Correct: correct idiom.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- E) Wrong: wrong usage of past perfect: [had been].

126.

- A) Correct: create agrees with reactions.
- B) Wrong: creates doesn’t agree with reacting.
- C) Wrong: individual is not creating.
- D) Wrong: to create what is unclear.
- E) Wrong: who--- refers to individual

128.

- A) Wrong: that suggests that --- is wrong.
- B) Wrong: required conjunction “and”.
- C) Wrong: same reason as in ‘B’.
- D) Wrong: wrong usage of – past perfect tense.
- E) Correct: suggest that And that.... Parallel.

131.

- A) Wrong: “it” -- not clear.
- B) Wrong: wrong usage of which
- C) Correct: parallel and correct comparison.
- D) Wrong: as if 33% of energy in Germany or France
- E) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.

133.

- A) Wrong: requiring not parallel with protect
- B) Correct: requiring parallel with protect
- C) Wrong: that has no reference
- D) Wrong: to require not parallel with protecting
- E) Wrong: to require not parallel with protecting

136.

- A) Correct: parallel and correct comparison.
- B) Wrong: not parallel and wrong comparison.(tiny tubes compared to birds)
- C) Wrong: wrong comparison(mammals compared to birds’ tubes)
- D) Wrong: wrong comparison(mammals compared to tubes in birds)
- E) Wrong: wrong comparison(tiny tubes compared to birds)

138.

- A) Wrong: wrong comparison [correct – its return].
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- C) Correct: correct comparison.
- D) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- E) Wrong: its return in – not parallel

140.

- A) Wrong: ‘has’ does not agree with samples.
- B) Wrong: same reason as in ‘A’.
- C) Wrong: “dated to be” wrong idiom.
- D) Wrong: being is wrong.
- E) Correct. Dated at – correct idiom